

### **Section 1: Identification**

**PRODUCT INDENTIFIER:** CONDUCTOMOUNT™ Conductive Mounting Resin

**CHEMICAL FAMILY:** Phenolic Molding Compound with two stage resin and graphite

**EMERGENCY PHONE:** CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (US) Day or night

Customer No. 16568

**MANUFACTURER:** PACE Technologies

3601 E. 34th St., Tucson, AZ 85718

Tucson, Arizona USA Phone: +1 520-882-6598 FAX: +1 520-882-6598

## **Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification**

GHS CLASIFICATION:	Acute toxicity, oral (Category 4) Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 4) Eye irritation (Category 2A)
PICTOGRAM(s):	
SIGNAL WORD:	Warning
HAZARD STATEMENTS:	Hazard Statement(s): Acute toxicity, oral (Category 4) Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 4) Eye irritation (Category 2A)
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:	Preventions: P261-Avoid breathing P264-Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P270- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271-Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  Response: P301+312- IF SWALLOWED: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician IF you feel unwell. P330- Rinse mouth. P304+P340-IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

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P305+P351+P338- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312-Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P337-P313-IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Storage:

No information available

#### Disposal:

P501- Dispose of contents/container to Federal, State and Local Regulations.

PHENOL	Highly Toxic - Poisoning may occur via skin absorption, vapor inhalation, or ingestion. Inhalation of the vapors may cause severe irritation to the nose, throat, and respiratory tract. May cause liver, kidney and heart damage.
FORMALDEHYDE	Irritant to Eyes, Lungs, and Skin. Has been shown to cause cancer in laboratory animals. Listed as an IARC carcinogen. California law requires the following Statement be included: contains a chemical (formaldehyde) know to the state of California to cause cancer. National cancer institute study finds little evidence to connect formaldehyde exposure with cancer in humans.
AMMONIA	Irritant to eyes, mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

#### POSSIBLE RESPRIABLE DUST COMPONENTS (UP TO 8% MAY GO THRU 100 MESH):

COAL DUST	Irritant to eyes, nose and throat. Can cause respiratory effect such as pneumoconiosis, bronchitis, emphysema and progressive massive fibrosis, with long exposure.
FIBROUS GLASS	Mechanical irritant to eyes, nose and skin. Can cause irritation and inflammation of the nasopharyngeal region and upper respiratory tract.
GRAPHITE	Irritant to eyes and respiratory tracts. Can cause pneumoconiosis, although studies suggest that pneumoconiosis is a mixed dust reaction.
MICA	Irritant to eyes. OSHA believes that the evidence strongly suggests that it is a pneumoconistic agent.
MINERAL WOOL RIBER	Irritant to eyes and skin. Several studies have shown excess risk of non malignant respiratory disease.



TALC	Irritant to eyes, mucous membranes and respiratory tracts. Medical evidence is complicated by the fact that talcs contain amphiboles and other minerals.
WOOD FLOUR (SOFT)	Irritant to eyes, mucous membranes and upper respiratory tracts. Various species of wood dust can elicit allergic contact dermatitis in sensitized individuals. May cause respiratory sensitization.

# **Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients**

CHEMICALS MARKED WITH AN ASTERISK (\*) ARE SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF TITLE III OF THE SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986 AND 40 CFR PART 372.

HAZARDOUS COMPONENT(S)	CAS#	%	TLV/PEL
*PHENOL	108-95-2	<2.5	ACGIH-TWA/SKIN 5 PPM OSHA-TWA/SKIN 5 PPM
GRAPHITE, SYNTHETIC	7782-42-5	10-40%	ACGIH-TLV (respirable dust) 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	<5	ACGIH-TWA 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA-TWA 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
COAL DUST		<8	ACGIH-TWA 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA-TWA <5% SIO2 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> %SIO2 + 2 OSHA-TWA >5% SIO2 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> % SIO2 +2
GRAPHITE	7782-42-5	<20	ACGIH-TWA 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA-TWA 15 MPPCF
MICA	12001-26-2	<30	ACGIH-TWA 3 mg/m³ OSHA-TWA 20 MPPCF
TALC	14307-96-6	<10	ACGIH-TWA 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA-TWA 20 MPPCF



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PARTICULATES NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED (PNOC)			ACGIH-TWA/INHAL 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ACGIH-TWA/RESPIR 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA-TWA/TOTAL 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA-TWA/RESPIR 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
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Ingredients are listed on the TSCA Inventory of Chemical Substances. Those not identified are non-hazardous.

#### AS USED:

During polymerization (e.g. curing of the product during normal processing) or decomposition (e.g., overheating or burning of the product) small amounts of gaseous ammonia, phenol and formaldehyde (as well as water vapor, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide) are evolved. Breathing of the fumes can be harmful. If the odor of ammonia or formaldehyde is noticeable, then the airborne concentration of those chemicals should be carefully monitored and ventilation improvements considered; those chemicals begin to be detectable by odor at concentrations approaching or exceeding the PELS. The odor of phenol begins to be noticeable at a concentration about one-fifth the PEL. In any case, adequacy of ventilation can best be determined by use of instruments to monitor airborne concentrations of ammonia, phenol, and formaldehyde. Grinding or machining of cured molded material may create a dust that poses a respiratory hazard if inhaled and may release small amounts of gaseous ammonia.

#### **Section 4: First-Aid Measures**

EYES: IMMEDIATELY FLUSH EYES WITH COPIOUS AMOUNTS OF WATER

FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION

**SKIN:** WASH THOROUGHLY WITH SOAP AND WATER

**INHALATION:** USE WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. IF BREATHING IS AFFECTED,

REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF BREATHING STOPS, APPLY MOUTH TO

MOUTH RESUSCITATION. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION

**INGESTION:** IF CONSCIOUS, GIVE WATER IMMEDIATELY AND INDUCE

VOMITING BY PLACING FINGER DOWN THROAT. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. GET

MEDICAL ATTENTION.





## **Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** WATER SPRAY, FOAM, DRY CHEMICAL, CARBON

**DIOXIDE** 

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING MSHA/NIOSH APPROVED SELF-CONTAINED

**PROCEDURES:** BREATHING APPARATUS RECOMMENDED. AVOID

INHALATION OF GASES.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND ORGANIC DUST/AIR MIXTURES ARE HIGHLY

**EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** FLAMMABLE (EXPLOSIVE); AVOID DUST

ACCUMULATIONS OR DUST-LADEN ATMOSPHERES

AND SOURCES OF IGNITION.

#### **Section 6: Accidental Release Measures**

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURE: VACUUM OR SWEEP WITH SWEEPING COMPOUND, SAWDUST OR SAND. AVOID GENERATING DUST. VAUCCUMS WITH EXPLOSION PROOF MOTORS ARE RECOMMENDED. THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS FREE PHENOL WHICH IS SUBJECT TO EFFLUENT LIMITS UNDER THE CLEAN WATER ACT.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: BURY OR INCINERATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS

## **Section 7: Handling and Storage**

**HANDLING:** AVOID BREATHING FUMES FROM MOLDING OR OTHER

PROCESSES INVOLVING HEAT. AVOID BREATHING DUSTS FROM CUTTING, MACHINING OR DEFLASHING OPERATIONS.

GUARD AGAINST DUST ACCUMULATION OF THIS

MATERIAL. HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OR AIRBORNE DUST MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURE WITH AIR. AS WITH ALL CHEMICALS, GOOD INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE PRACTICES SHOULD BE FOLLOWED WHEN HANDLING THIS MATERIAL

STORAGE: STORE IN A COOL, DRY PLACE. KEEP CONTAINERS CLOSED

TO AVOID CONTAMINATION. PREVENT ACCUMULATIONS OF DUST. AVOID EXCESSIVE HEAT AND SOURCES OF IGNITION. OBSERVE GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES



## **Section 8: Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection**

WORK/HYGIENIC EYE WASH AND SHOWER FACILITY SHOULD BE

**PRACTICES:** AVAILABLE. PRACTICE GOOD HYGIENE AND MAINTAIN A

**CLEAN WORK ENVIRONMENT** 

**VENTILATION:** POINT SOURCE EXHAUST RECOMMENDED TO REMOVE

DUST AND VAPORS EVOLVED DURING USE (DUST

COLLECTION SYSTEM). USE EXPLOSION PROOF MOTORS

**RESPIRATORY** NIOSH APPROVED RESPIRATORS RECOMMENDED IF TLVS

**PROTECTION:** ARE EXCEEDED

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING:

**GLOVES RECOMMENDED** 

**EYE PROTECTION:** SAFETY GLASSES WITH SIDE SHIELDS

# **Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H <sub>2</sub> 0=1): N/A	BOILING POINT (760 MM HG): N/A	
VAPOR PRESSURE: N/A (MM HG 20°C)	PERCENT VOLATILE BY WIEGHT: N/A	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: NEGLIGIBLE (% BY WEIGHT)	EVAPORATION RATE (BUTY/ACT=1): N/A	
VAPOR DENSITY (Air=1): N/A	HEAT OF VAPORIZATION: N/A (DELTA HV)	

**APPEARANCE AND ODOR:** GRANULAR, NODULAR, PELLET OR BRIQUETTE WITH SLIGHT ODOR OF PHENOL



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Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: STABLE. AVOID CONTAMINATION, EXPOSURE TO FLAME OR

HEAT, OR STORAGE TEMPERATURES IN EXCESS OF 100°F

**INCOMPATIBILITY:** LIKE MOST ORGANIC MATERIALS, THIS PRODUCT IS

SENSITIVE TO STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS AND MAY EITHER

DECOMPOSE OR IGNITE WHEN MIXED WITH THE SAME

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION VAPORS EVOLVED DURING POLYMERIZATION MAY CONTAIN

- PHENOL, FORMALDEHYDE, OR AMMONIA

**HAZARDOUS** 

**PRODUCTS:** 

SHOULD NOT OCCUR

POLYMERIZATION:

**Section 11: Toxicological Information** 

CARCINOGENIC HAZARDS:

CARBON BLACK IS LISTED UNDER CALIFORNIA'S PROPOSITION 65 AS A HUMAN CARCINOGEN

REPRODUCTIVE

**HAZARDS:** 

NON KNOWN.

**Section 12: Ecological Information** 

NO DATA AVAILABLE FOR THIS PRODUCT.

**Section 13: Disposal Considerations** 

BURY OR INCINERATE ACCORDING TO FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

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### **Section 14: Transportation Information**

**DOT (CFR49):** NOT REGULATED.

IATA (air): NOT REGULATED.

**IMDG** (ocean): NOT REGULATED.

HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: NON-HAZARDOUS.

PACKING GROUP: NOT REGULATED.

UN/NA CODE: NOT REGULATED.

## **Section 15: Regulatory Information**

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL

ACT)

ALL INGREDIENTS ARE TSCA LISTED.

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE EMERGENCY RESPONSE,

**COMPENSATON, AND LIABILITY ACT):** 

RELEASE OF PHENOL ABOVE RQ LEVEL

REQUIRES REPORTING.

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND

AMENDMENTS AND

**RAUTHORIZATION ACT):** 

RELEASE OF PHENOL ABOVE TPQ LEVEL

REQUIRES REPORTING

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: RELEASE OF PHENOL AND CARBON BLACK

MAY REQUIRE REPORTING DEPENDING ON

THE AMOUNT RELEASED.

#### **Section 16: Other Information**



#### 16.1 NFPA 704



Top, Flammability: 0 - Minimal Hazard

Left, Health Hazard: 1 - Slight Hazard

Right, Reactivity: 0 – Minimal Hazard

Bottom, Special Notice: N/A

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