Section 1: Identification

MANUFACTURER: PACE Technologies
3601 E. 34th St.
Tucson, AZ 85713

INFORMATION PHONE: 520-882-6598

EMERGENCY PHONE: CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (US) Day or night
Customer No. 16568

TRADE NAME: Nickel Etchant (Nitric acid, sulfuric acid, NaCl and water)

CHEMICAL FAMILY: CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (NITRIC ACID, SULFURIC ACID, MIXTURE)

HMIS RATING: HEALTH: 4 FLAMMABILITY:3 REACTIVITY: 3

HAZARD RATING:
LEAST: 0 SLIGHT: 1 MODERATE: 2 HIGH: 3 EXTREME: 4

Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)
Oxidizing liquids (Category 3), H272
Corrosive to metals (Category 1), H290
Skin corrosion (Category 1A), H314
Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

PICTOGRAM(s):

SIGNAL WORD: Danger

HAZARD STATEMENTS:
Hazard Statement(s):
H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer
H290- May be corrosive to metals
H314- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 - Causes serious eye damage

PRECAUTIONARY
Precautionary Statement(s):
# Nickel Etchant (nitric acid, sulfuric acid, NaCl and water)

## STATEMENTS:

### Preventions:
- **P210** - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.
- **P220** - Keep/Store away from clothing and combustible materials.
- **P221** - Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles, strong bases, metallic powders, carbides, hydrogen sulfide, turpentine, and combustible organics.
- **P234** - Keep only in original container.
- **P280** - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

### Response:
- **P303+P361+P353** - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.
- **P304+P340** - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- **P305+P351+P338** - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- **P310** - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- **P321** - Specific treatment (see Section 4 SDS).
- **P363** - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- **P370+P378** - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.
- **P390** - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

### Storage:
- **P404** - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
- **P405** - Store locked up.

### Disposal:
- **P501** - Dispose of contents/container to Federal, State and Local Regulations.

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**POISON! DANGER! STRONG OXIDIZER. CONTACT WITH OTHER MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE. CORROSIVE. LIQUID AND MIST CAUSE SEVERE BURNS TO ALL BODY TISSUE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. INHALATION MAY CAUSE LUNG AND TOOTH DAMAGE.**

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**SAF-T-DATA™** Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

- **Health Rating:** 4 - Extreme (Poison)
- **Flammability Rating:** 0 - None
- **Reactivity Rating:** 3 - Severe (Oxidizer)
- **Contact Rating:** 4 - Extreme (Corrosive)
- **Lab Protective Equip:** GOGGLES & SHIELD; LAB COAT & APRON; VENT HOOD; PROPER GLOVES
- **Storage Color Code:** White (Corrosive)

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**Potential Health Effects**

### Inhalation:
Corrosive! Inhalation of vapors can cause breathing difficulties and lead to pneumonia and pulmonary edema, which may be fatal. Other symptoms may include coughing, choking, and irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

### Ingestion:
Corrosive! Swallowing nitric acid can cause immediate pain and burns of the mouth, throat, esophagus and gastrointestinal tract.

**Skin Contact:**
Corrosive! Can cause redness, pain, and severe skin burns. Concentrated solutions cause deep ulcers and stain skin a yellow or yellow-brown color.

**Eye Contact:**
Corrosive! Vapors are irritating and may cause damage to the eyes. Contact may cause severe burns and permanent eye damage.

**Chronic Exposure:**
Long-term exposure to concentrated vapors may cause erosion of teeth and lung damage. Long-term exposures seldom occur due to the corrosive properties of the acid.

**Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:**
Persons with pre-existing skin disorders, eye disease, or cardiopulmonary diseases may be more susceptible to the effects of this substance.

### Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>CAS No</th>
<th>Percent</th>
<th>Hazardous</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>7697-37-2</td>
<td>20-40%</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric Acid</td>
<td>7664-93-9</td>
<td>2-10%</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Chloride</td>
<td>7647-14-5</td>
<td>2-10%</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
<td>50-70%</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Section 4: First-Aid Measures Emergency Overview

Immediate first aid treatment reduces the health effects of this substance.

**Inhalation:**
Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

**Ingestion:**
DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Give large quantities of water or milk if available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin Contact:**
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

**Eye Contact:**
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

### Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

**Fire:**
Not combustible, but substance is a strong oxidizer and its heat of reaction with reducing agents or combustibles may cause ignition. Can react with metals to release flammable hydrogen gas.

**Explosion:**
Reacts explosively with combustible organic or readily oxidizable materials such as: alcohols, turpentine, charcoal, organic refuse, metal powder, hydrogen sulfide, etc. Reacts with most metals to release hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.

**Fire Extinguishing Media:**
Water spray may be used to keep fire exposed containers cool. Do not get water inside container.

**Special Information:**
Increases the flammability of combustible, organic and readily oxidizable materials. In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

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**Section 6: Accidental Release Measures**

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Neutralize with alkaline material (soda ash, lime), then absorb with an inert material (e.g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

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**Section 7: Handling and Storage**

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with acid resistant floors and good drainage. Protect from physical damage. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water, and incompatible materials. Do not wash out container and use it for other purposes. When diluting, the acid should always be added slowly to water and in small amounts. Never use hot water and never add water to the acid. Water added to acid can cause uncontrolled boiling and splashing. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

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**Section 8: Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection**

**Airborne Exposure Limits:**

For Nitric Acid

- OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):
  2 ppm (TWA), 4 ppm (STEL)
- ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):
  2 ppm (TWA); 4 ppm (STEL)

For Sulfuric Acid:

- OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) -
  1 mg/m³ (TWA)
- ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV) -
  0.2 mg/m³(T) for sulfuric acid - A2 Suspected Human Carcinogen for sulfuric acid contained in strong inorganic mists.

**Ventilation System:**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial...

**Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):**
If the exposure limit is exceeded, wear a supplied air, full-facepiece respirator, airlined hood, or full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus. Nitric acid is an oxidizer and should not come in contact with cartridges and canisters that contain oxidizable materials, such as activated charcoal. Canister-type respirators using sorbents are ineffective.

**Skin Protection:**
Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

**Eye Protection:**
Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

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### Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance:**
Colorless to yellowish liquid.

**Odor:**
Suffocating, acrid.

**Solubility:**
Infinitely soluble.

**Specific Gravity:**
1.41

**pH:**
1.0 (0.1M solution)

% **Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):**
100 (as water and acid)

**Boiling Point:**
122C (252F)

**Melting Point:**
-42C (-44F)

**Vapor Density (Air=1):**
2-3

**Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):**
48 @ 20C (68F)

**Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):**
No information found.

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### Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

**Stability:**
Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage. Containers may burst when heated.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:**
When heated to decomposition, emits toxic nitrogen oxides fumes and hydrogen nitrate. Will react with water or steam to produce heat and toxic and corrosive fumes.

**Hazardous Polymerization:**
Will not occur.

**Incompatibilities:**
A dangerously powerful oxidizing agent, concentrated nitric acid is incompatible with most substances, especially strong bases, metallic powders, carbides, hydrogen sulfide, turpentine, and combustible organics.

**Conditions to Avoid:**
Light and heat.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Nitric acid: Inhalation rat LC50: 244 ppm (NO2)/30M; Investigated as a mutagen, reproductive effector. Oral (human) LDLo: 430 mg/kg.

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<td>Water (7732-18-5)</td>
<td>No</td>
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Section 12: Ecological Information

Environmental Fate:
No information found.

Environmental Toxicity:
No information found.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste facility. Although not a listed RCRA hazardous waste, this material may exhibit one or more characteristics of a hazardous waste and require appropriate analysis to determine specific disposal requirements. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

Section 14: Transportation Information

Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)

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<tr>
<th>Proper Shipping Name:</th>
<th>CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (NITRIC ACID, SULFURIC ACID, MIXTURE)</th>
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<td>UN/NA:</td>
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<td>Packing Group:</td>
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International (Water, I.M.O.)

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Safety Data Sheet
Nickel Etchant (nitric acid, sulfuric acid, NaCl and water)

UN/NA: UN1796
Packing Group: II

Section 15: Regulatory Information

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Federal, State & International Regulations

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Australian Hazchem Code: 2PE
Poison Schedule: S6

WHMIS:
This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.
Section 16: Other Information

16.1 NFPA 704

Top, Flammability: 3 – Severe Hazard
Left, Health Hazard: 3 – Severe Hazard
Right, Reactivity: 3 – Severe Hazard
Bottom, Special Notice: COR – Corrosive

Product Use:
Laboratory Reagent.

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DATE REVISED: 6/7/2018 AG